



Adaptive Motion Compensation Without Blocking Artifacts

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The Problem



- Suppose we have a transform stage with no blocking artifacts (wavelets, lapped transforms...)
- Want to avoid blocking in motion compensation
- Overlapped Block Motion Compensation (OBMC) works great, but...
 - Non-overlapped Block Match Algorithms (BMA) get a lot of gains from supporting variable block sizes
 - Not obvious how to handle variable sizes with OBMC



Previous Work



- “Usual” approach is to overlap with the smallest block size (Dirac, Qualcomm’s recent T13-SG16-C0806 submission, etc.)
 - Not really “variable size”
 - Just better entropy coding for “fixed size”
- Zhang et al. (1998) did “adaptive repartitioning”
 - Split large blocks until overlap compatible with their smaller neighbors
 - Might still use small windows with large blocks
 - How do you search?



Adaptive Repartitioning



- Still, results were encouraging...

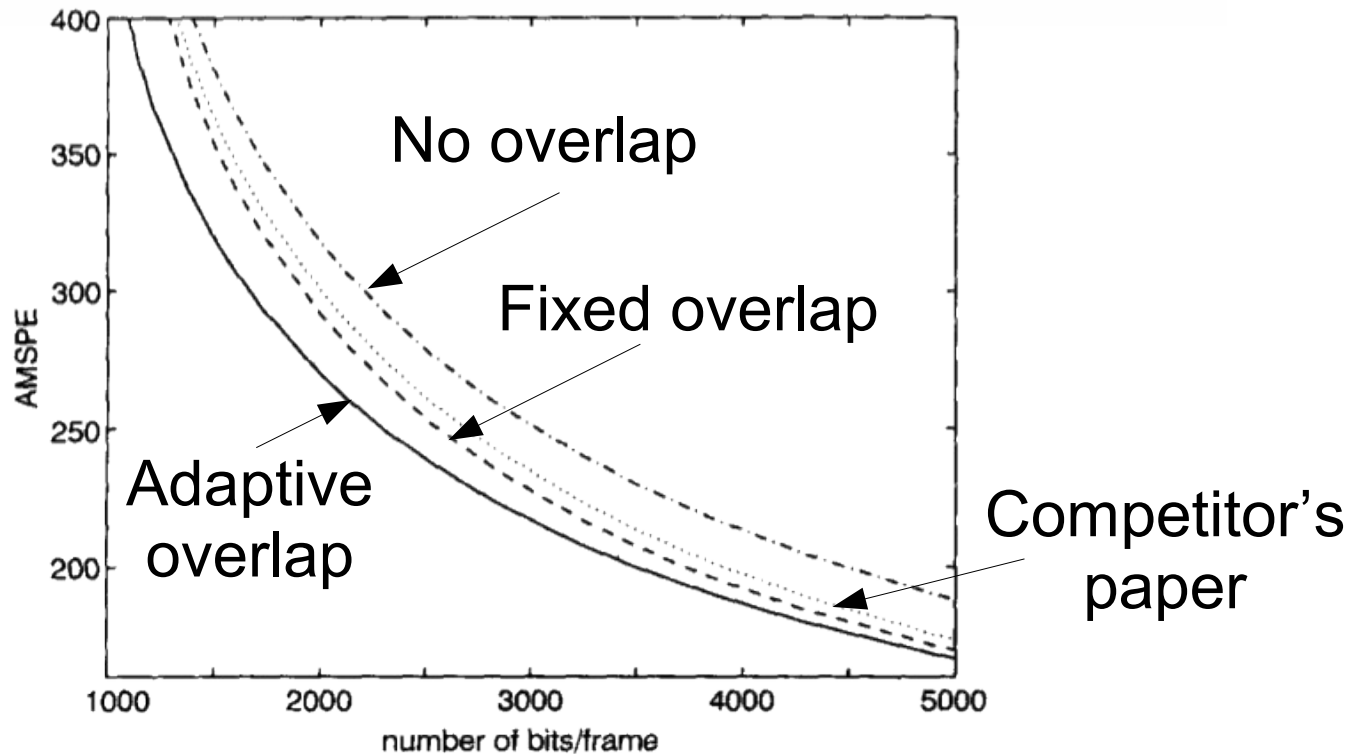


Fig. 8 Rate-distortion performance for football sequence (VSBMC)

- VSBMC
- VSBMC + GOBMC
- .-.- VSBMC + VRP
- VSBMC + AVRP



Proposed Approach



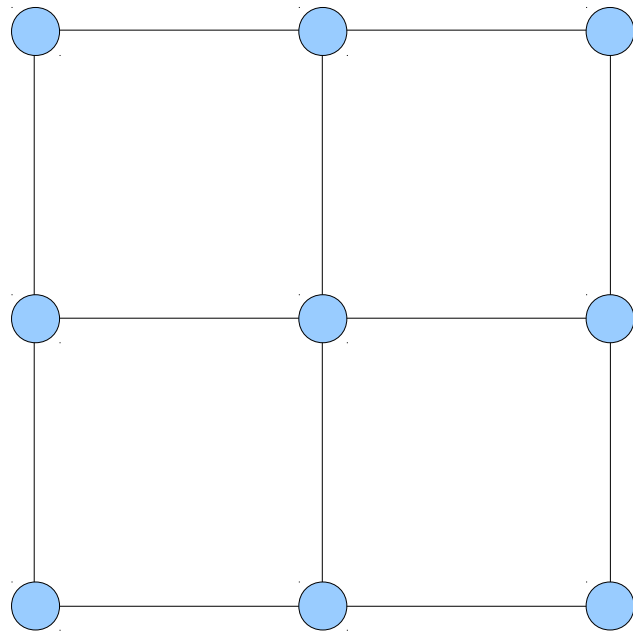
- Restrict adjacent block size to differ by no more than a factor of 2
- Use a 4-8 mesh to impose the restriction
 - Data structure used for surface simplification in computer graphics
 - Has a good search algorithm
- Define interpolation rules based on this restriction



4-8 Mesh



- Start with the largest block size



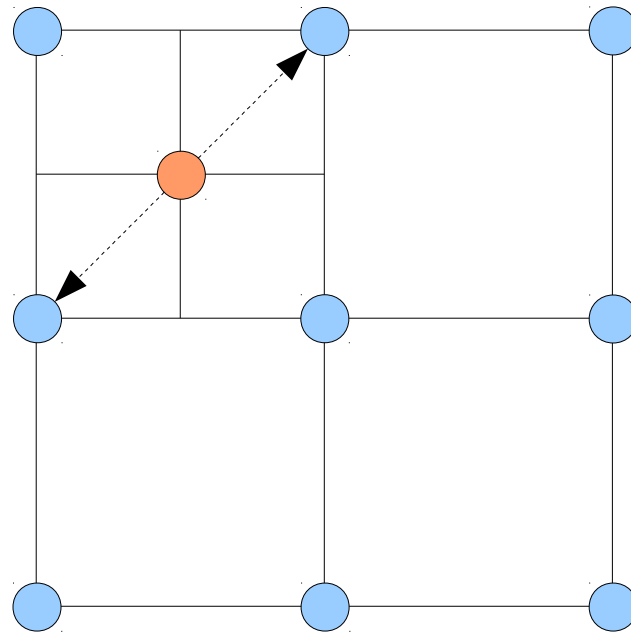
Level 0



4-8 Mesh



- Odd levels: can add new MVs to block centers
 - Only if *two parents* are in the grid (always at L1)



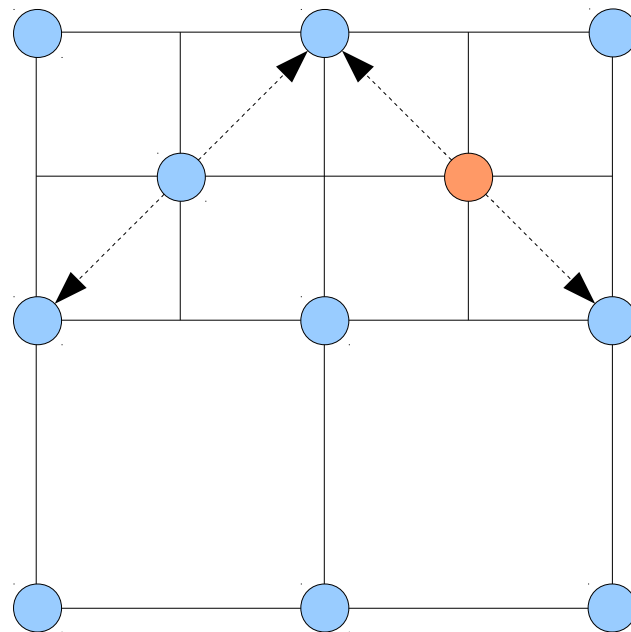
Level 1



4-8 Mesh



- Odd levels: can add new MVs to block centers
 - Only if *two parents* are in the grid (always at L1)



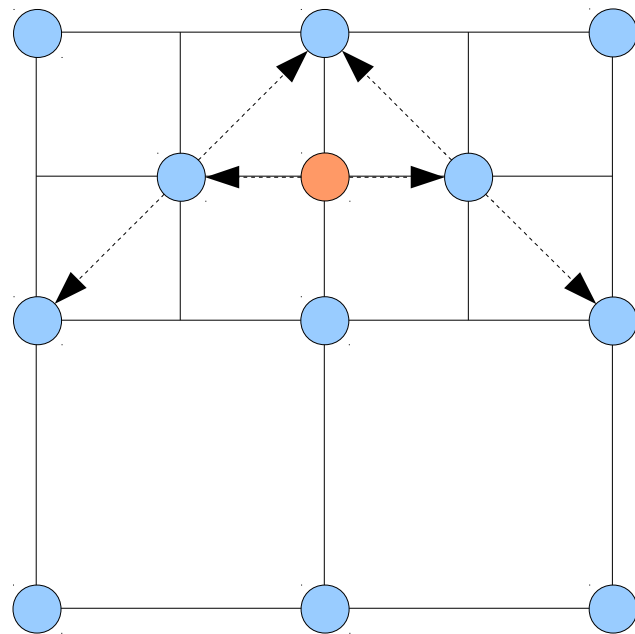
Level 1



4-8 Mesh



- Even levels: can add new MVs to block edges
 - Again, only if *two parents* are in the grid



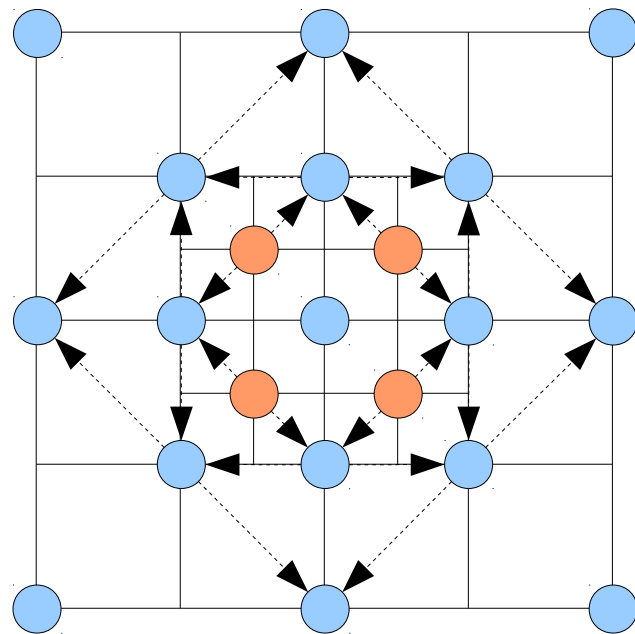
Level 2



4-8 Mesh



- And so on...



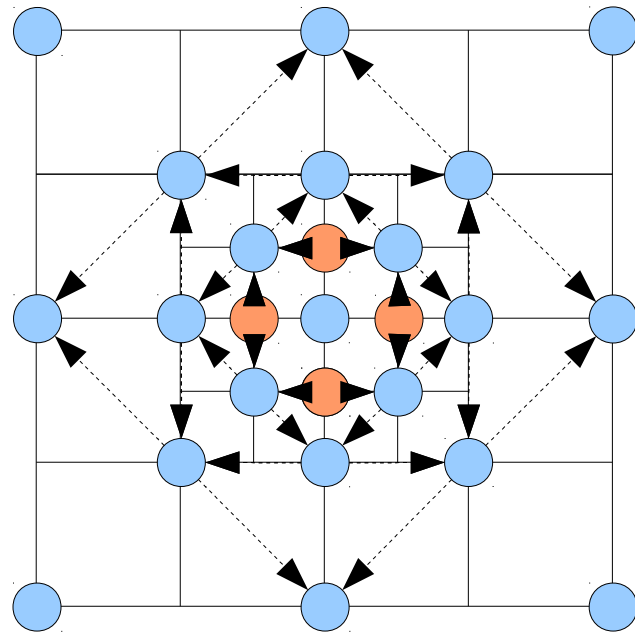
Level 3



4-8 Mesh



- And so on... and so on...



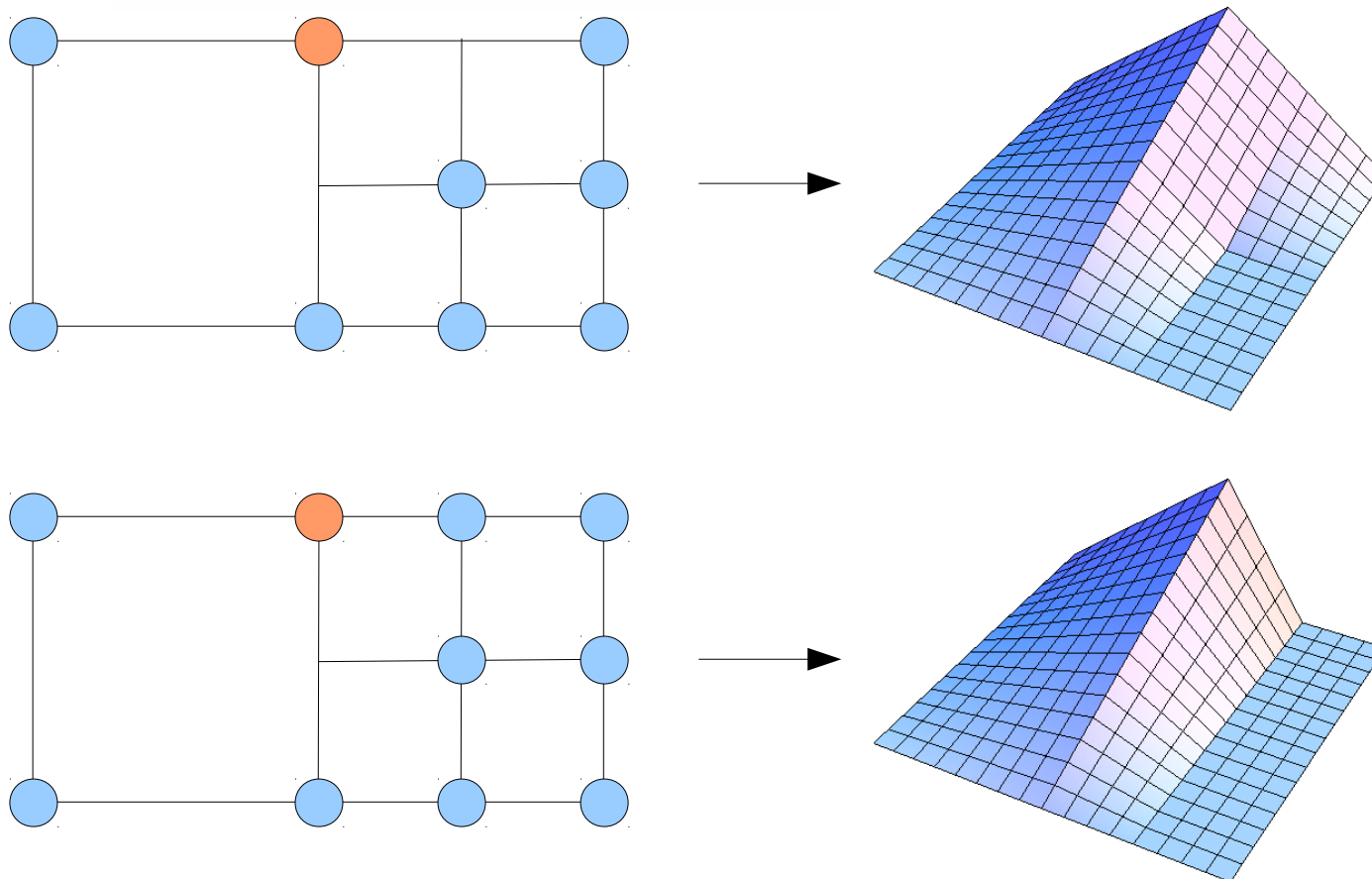
Level 4



Blending Windows for Mismatched Block Sizes



- Simple sums of bilinear weights

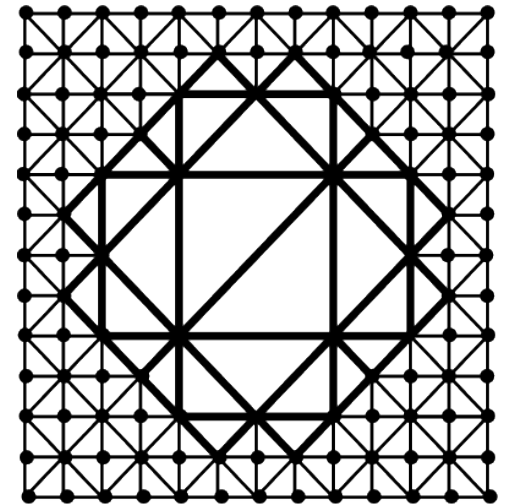




Block Size Decision

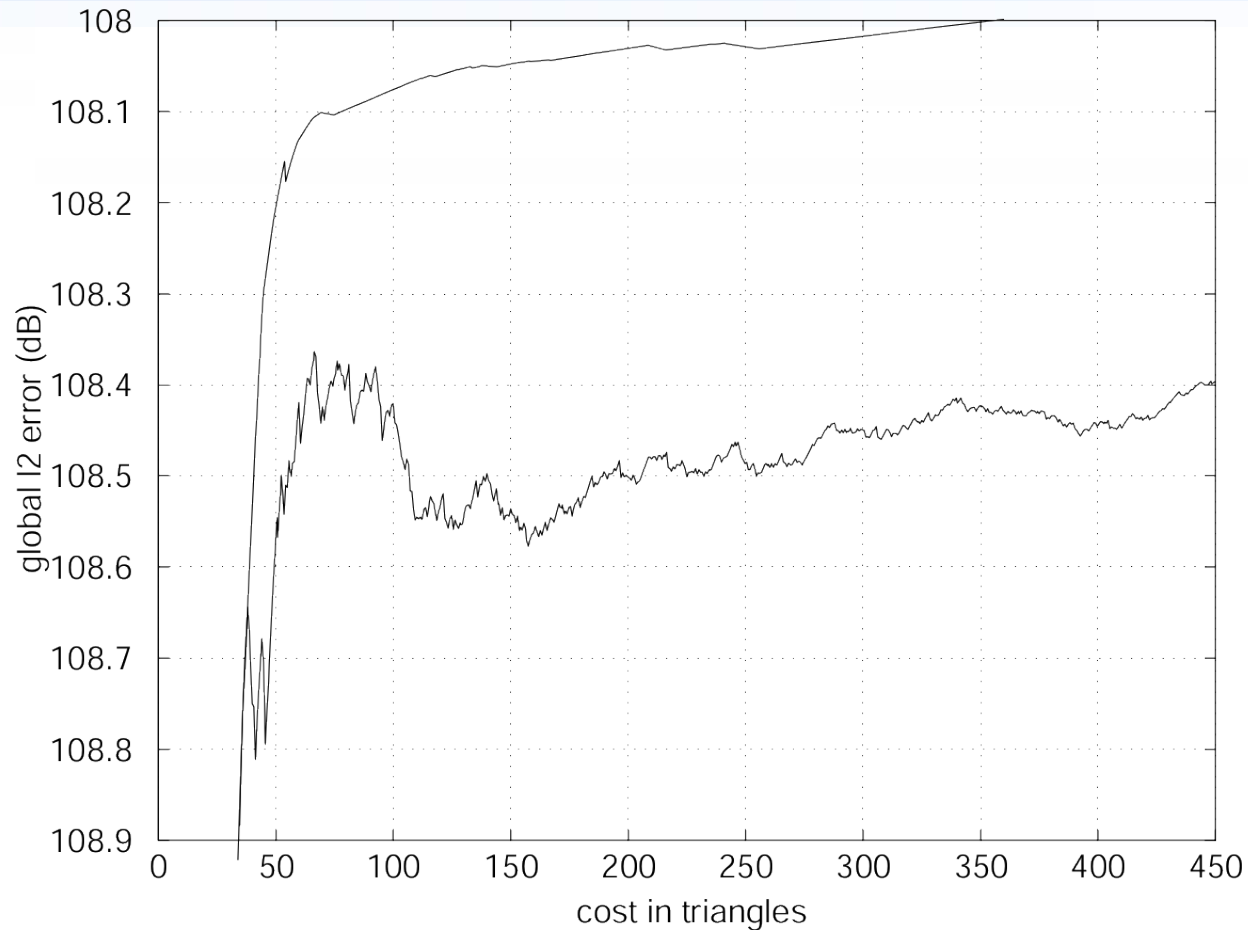


- Greedily inserting/removing leaves does poorly
 - Objective not monotonic
 - May have to add several MVs that regress R/D before you can add one that helps a lot
- “General Decimation” (Balmelli 2001)
 - Bottom-up, but...
 - Try deleting *every* MV in the grid
 - If it has children, delete them, too





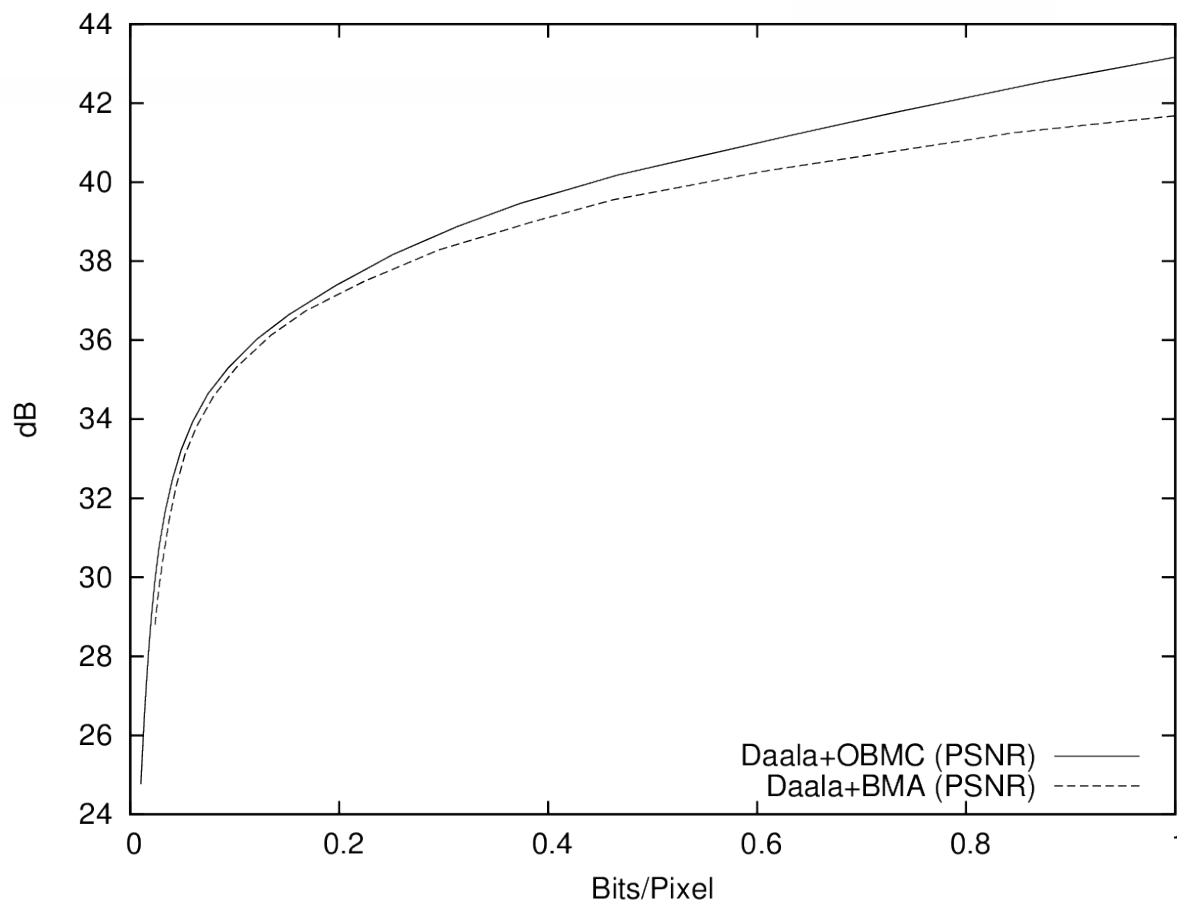
General Decimation



Greedy vs. General Decimation applied to surface simplification (Balmelli 2001)



New Scheme vs. Variable Block-Size BMA



(Quick 2-hour hack experiment, not in paper)



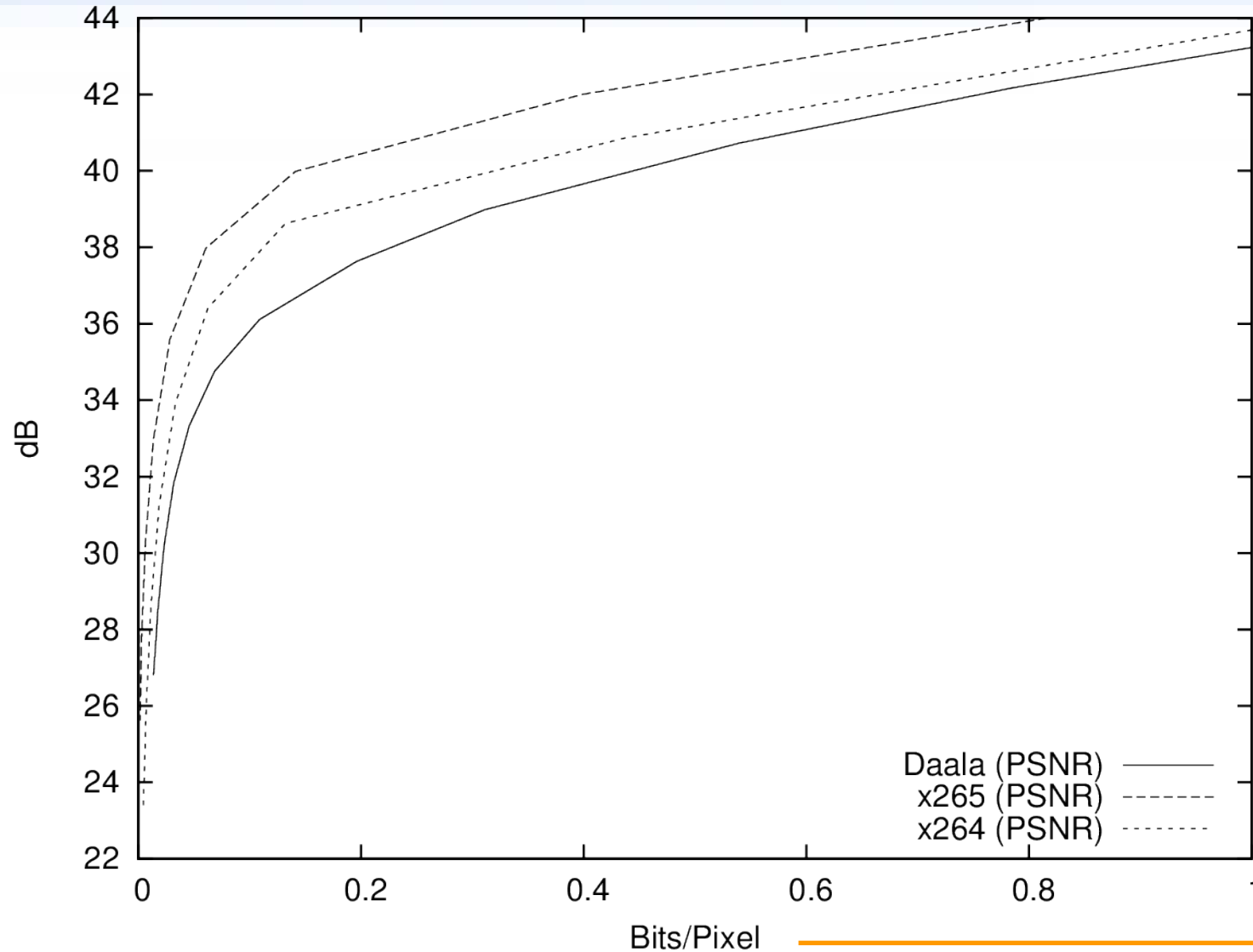
Future Work



- Can remove restriction on adjacent block sizes
 - Still need to keep edges between different sizes “unsplit”
 - No longer a 4-8 mesh
- Larger block sizes (currently only support 16x16)
- Better MV prediction
- Better encoder search

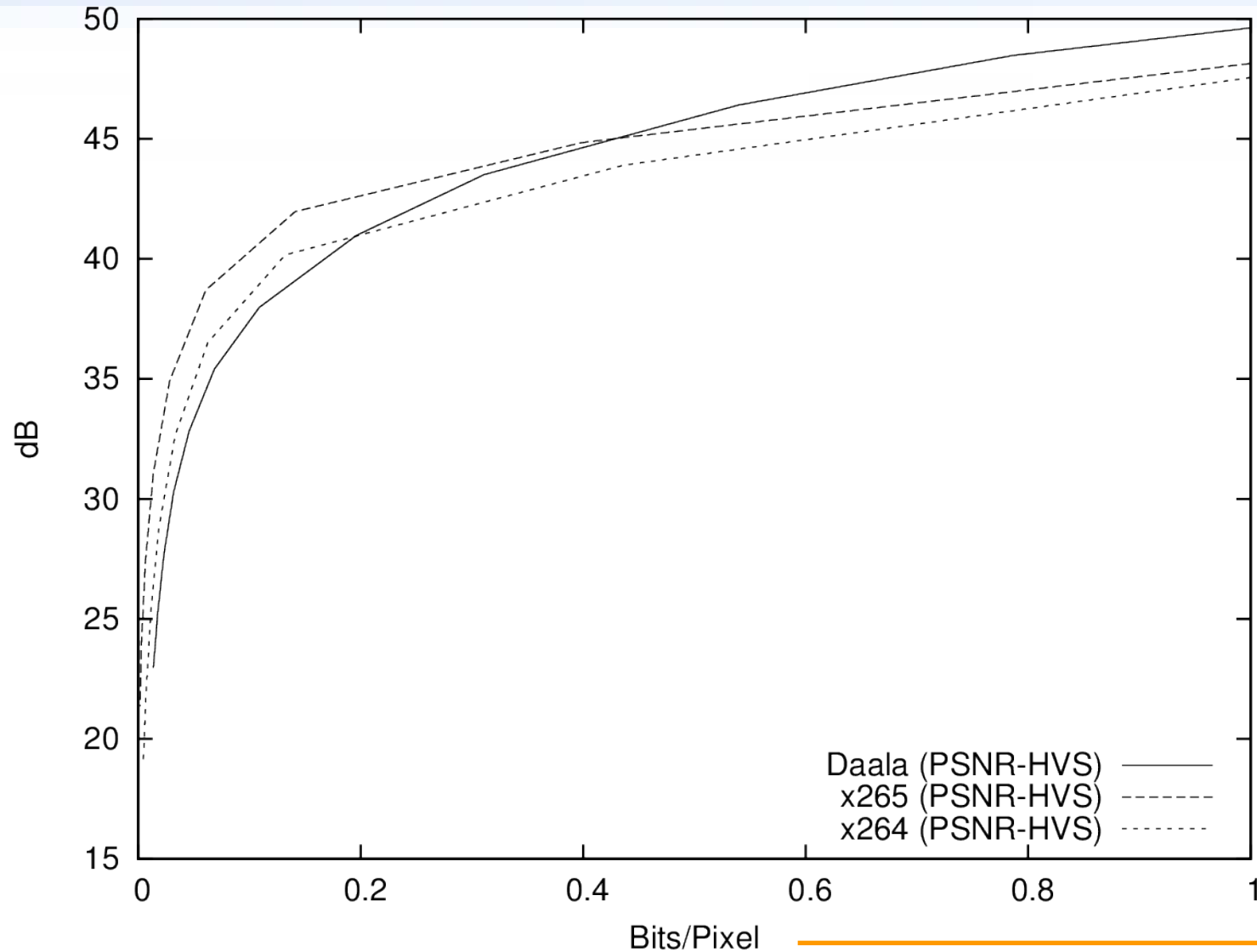


Overall Daala Performance: PSNR



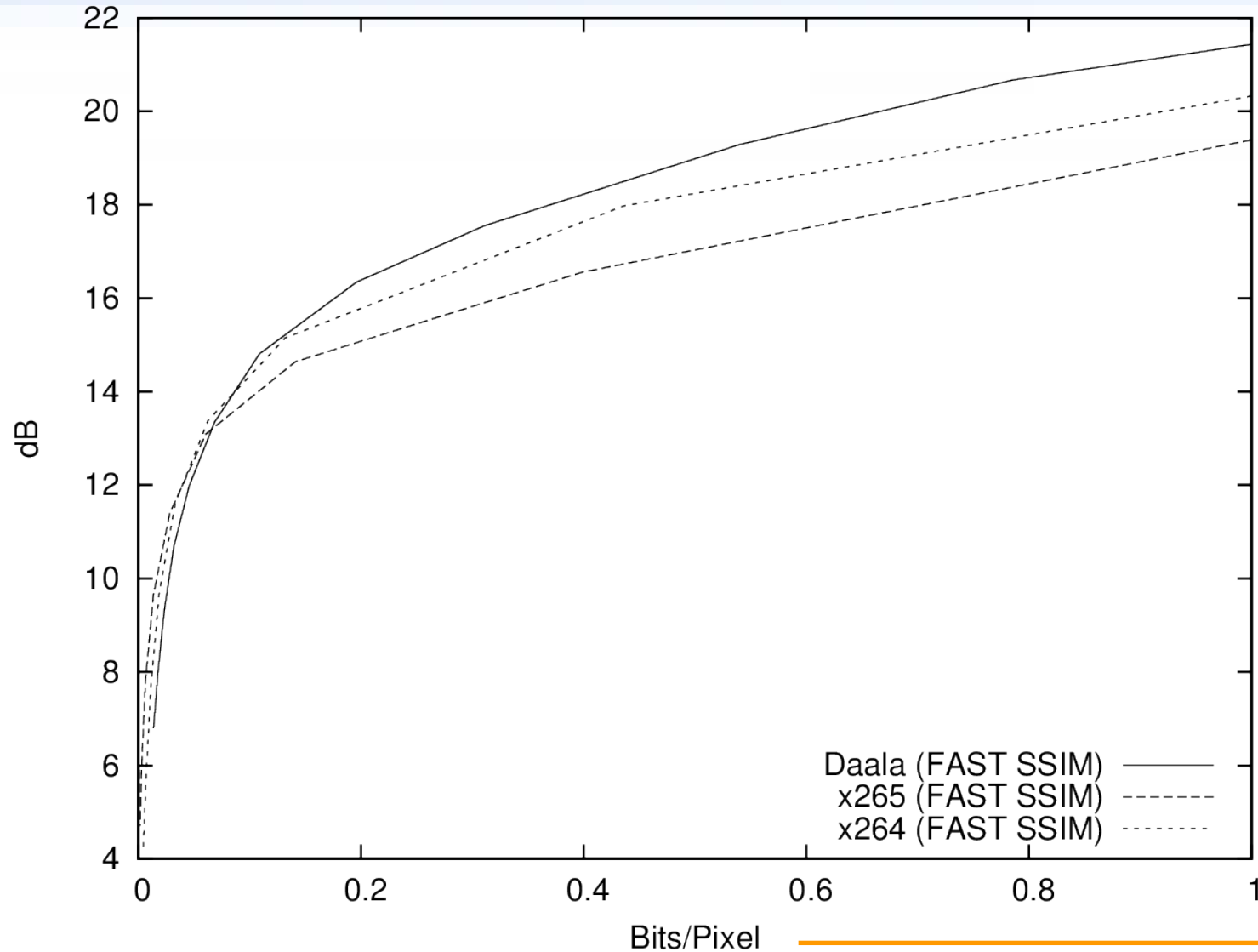


Overall Daala Performance: PSNR-HVS





Overall Daala Performance: Fast[Multi-Scale]SSIM





Resources



- Daala codec website: <https://xiph.org/daala/>
- Git repository: <https://git.xiph.org/>
- IRC: #daala channel on irc.freenode.net
- Mailing list: daala@xiph.org



Questions?